

ANABAPTIST  
REBELLION

In 1534, radical anabaptist protes-  
tants took control of the city of  
Münster in Germany. For more than  
a year, the anabaptists established  
a communal regime based on  
equality, with no private property.  
But their experience was  
short-lived. Following an extended  
siege, the Holy Roman Empire  
managed to conquer the city.

M

T

W

T

F

S

SUN

20  
24

29	30	31	1	2	3	4
			1932 Assassination of Farabundo Martí	1943 Victory at Stalingrad	1813 Battle of San Lorenzo  1953 Massacre of Batepá	1962 Second Declaration of Havana  1992 February 4 military uprising
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1919 Canadencia strike			1943 Execution of Lepa Radić  1948 Korean People's Army	1913 Tragic Decade in Mexico	1781 Oruro rebellion  1898 Birth of Bertolt Brecht	1979 Islamic Revolution in Iran  1990 Release of Nelson Mandela
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1932 February uprising in Austria	1996 Communist uprising in Nepal		1966 Camilo Torres killed	1936 Popular Front triumph in Spain	1600 Giordano Bruno burned at the stake	1917 Putilov factory strike
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1915 Battle of Gallipoli		1934 Assassination of Sandino  1965 Assassination of Malcolm X		1946 General strike in India		1948 Victorious February
26	27	28	29	1	2	3
1802 Birth of Victor Hugo  1971 Cali Massacre	1973 Occupation of Wounded Knee  1989 February 27 popular rebellion					